REPORT FOR: CABINET

| Date of Meeting: | 11 April 2013 | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject: | Special Needs Transport Change Programme 3 (SNT3) | | | |
| Key Decision: | Yes | | | |
| Responsible Officer: | Roger Rickman, Divisional Director of Special Needs Service | | | |
| Portfolio Holder: | Councillor Mitzi Green, Portfolio Holder for Children, Schools and Families Councillor Thaya Idaikkadar, Leader of the Council and Portfolio Holder for Property and Major Contracts Councillor Margaret Davine, Portfolio Holder for Adult Social Care, health and Wellbeing | | | |
| Exempt: | No | | | |
| Decision subject to Call-in: | Yes | | | |
| Enclosures: | Full Equalities Impact Assessment | | | |

Section 1 – Summary and Recommendations

This report outlines the full programme of change for the service which includes significant procurement of new suppliers to the Council over the next 3 years. The report seeks delegated authority to deliver the full programme and procure, and award contracts to the preferred suppliers.

Recommendations:

Cabinet is requested to:

Authorise the Corporate Director of Children & Families in consultation with

*Marrow*COUNCIL LONDON

the Portfolio Holders for Children, Schools and Families, Property & Major Contracts and Adults & Housing to:

Deliver the full SNT3 Programme including, in particular, the following work streams:

- **Consult** on a new Transport Eligibility Policy
- Procure, select and award contracts to the preferred transport services suppliers on such terms as are agreed, acting in the best interests of the Council and in doing so promoting local social enterprises and private organisations
- **Implement** the new transport services in accordance with the Harrow Framework from September 2013 onwards

Reason: (for recommendation)

The current MTFS provides a need and a time-frame for delivering further savings of £540k from special transport. The SNT3 programme will deliver the required savings whilst maintaining the service required by residents.

To deliver savings within the time-scales will require delegated authority to identify best providers & award contracts to the best-placed provider.

A broader, more flexible delivery will future-proof the service for the direction of government policy. The preferred option will be seek solutions that are delivered by local suppliers and local social and community enterprises.

Section 2 – Report

1. Introduction

1.1. Having already delivered two successful change programmes in Special Needs Transport Services over the last 3 years and saved between them over £1million in annual costs, a third programme, Special Needs Transport 3 or 'SNT3' is set-out to deliver a further saving of £540k.

1.2. The SNT3 Programme, has 10 complementary workstreams, which together will deliver the £540k savings target in 2014/15 as required by the MTFS for the year 2014/15. At the end of the 3 years, the programme will provide a sustainable saving of approximately £1.06m.

1.3. These significant savings will be achieved whilst increasing the independence of service users, lowering carbon emissions, improving delivery processes and safeguarding the provision of transport for children and young adults.

1.4. Within the programme's 10 workstreams, there are three main elements of activity; (1) Demand Management, (2) Current Cost-Control & (3) Future Cost-Control.

1.5. The outcome of the SNT3 Programme will be to preserve access to services, to increase the range of services available to transport recipients and in doing so improve the life experiences of learners that are receiving transport assistance.

1.6. The workstreams achieve more users travelling independently, lower costs in delivering the current transport operation and greater flexibility with lower costs for all future provision.

1.7. The most significant costs, savings and risks within the SNT3 programme, are within the third element, Future Cost-Control, which will require engagement with the market and Harrow Council moving from a provider of services to a commissioner of services.

1.8. Where services are transferred to external suppliers, Harrow Council will work to stimulate innovation and inclusion of Harrow's social enterprises, charities and small scale private service providers.

1.9. Using local, small scale community and social providers, will provide ongoing employment opportunities for staff, create favourable conditions to stimulate innovation, maintain an element of competition and create resilience and capacity within the wider supply chain.

1.10. This will require breaking leases with the current vehicle provider, Fraikin Ltd, and commencing new service contracts with local social enterprises and small business.

1.11. The full programme will be delivered over three years, which gives time to the staff affected by the change programme to adapt to the proposals and consider the options available. Staff affected by the changes have three main options (1) transfer through TUPE rights to new providers (2) the option of redeployment within the Council to a different post or (3) the offer of voluntary severance. The programme has been designed to ensure that staff have time and choice and will be free to select the option that best suits their circumstances.

1.12. Before any changes come into effect, there will be a two month consultation phase with staff, during which options can be fully explained and explored with individual members of staff.

2. Background

2.1. Harrow Council has a Statutory duty to provide transport assistance to 'eligible' children and young adults. An eligible child defined in Schedule 35B of the Education Act 1996 and include Children who attend schools beyond the statutory walking distance, Children with SEN, disabilities or mobility problems, Children whose route to school is unsafe and Children from low income families and so could be broadly described as someone for whom the use of standard modes of transport would

be inappropriate due to their physical or emotional needs. An 'eligible' adult is 'an adult who is aged under 25 and is subject to a learning difficulty assessment.'

2.2. s508B of the same Act says that the LA must make such travel arrangements as they consider necessary 'in order to secure that suitable home to school travel arrangements for the purpose of facilitating the child's attendance at the relevant educational establishment...are made'

2.3. The future direction of Government Policy for Special Education and Transport is towards a greater level of customer choice and involvement. This could go as far as a potential move towards the use of personal budgets for either education or transport or both elements, which could pose a significant financial risk to a mainly in house service. The design of the SNT3 programme creates more flexibility in the delivery of transport which will help mitigate risk, as well as creating choice.

2.4. In Harrow, there are 515 children and young adults who are given transport assistance to and from school or college. Transport is arranged for service users in what are called 'routes'. These routes range from 8-10 children transported in a Council minibus to one or more children transported in a private taxi.

2.5. Currently Harrow uses a fleet of 70 mini-buses to transport the children, operated by 154 staff, that are employed part-time, term-time only, to deliver the significant proportion of the Children's Special Transport Service.

2.6. The Adults element of the service caters for 350 users, with 14 mini-buses, and in the region of 35 full-time staff on more standard work and leave contracts.

2.7. All special needs transport (for Children and Adults) is managed by a single team of 10 staff (8.4 FTE) who between them manage the delivery of both services and the large workforce.

2.8. 20% of the current 'routes' are provided by local small business, social enterprises and local taxi firms. These have already been re-procured within the SNT3 programme using a newly established Transport Framework

2.9. The SNT3 programme will extend this strategy further, using more local, small scale private, community and social providers, creating a mixed approach to supply, a choice of providers for commissioners of services and a competitive element within the market.

2.10. Initial impact analysis of the re-tendering through the framework is forecasting a £115k reduction in overall costs, which is a 20% reduction from the previous spend. This serves as an indication of where well designed and well managed buying can reduce costs, even where already savings have been made.

The SNT3 Programme: Demand Management

2.11. As mentioned above, the SNT3 programme has three elements and 10 workstreams. The first of the three elements is 'demand management' which includes the following three work streams:

- 2.11.1. Eligibility Policy Refresh
- 2.11.2. Independent Travel Training (ITT)

2.11.3. Direct Transport Payments (DTP).

2.12. In summary, these were all trialled within SNT2 and all aim to offer new services to users, more flexible solutions, reduce the overall demand and cost of transport and to increase the life-long independence of service users

2.13. The policy refresh is designed firstly to give council support to the new forms of service that will be mainstreamed within the programme. The refresh and redetermining of the policy may mean some children and young adults falling out of eligibility. The results of the policy consultation will be considered in the final policy drafting and brought back to Cabinet to provide information on the comments received and to make a decision on the formal adoption of a new policy.

The SNT3 Programme: Current Cost Control

2.14. The Current Cost Control element includes the following six work streams:

- 2.14.1. Fraikin Supplier Relationship Development (SRD)
- 2.14.2. Identifying new providers for short-term hire
- 2.14.3. Invitations to all schools to become transport providers
- 2.14.4. A LEAN review of the Transport Services Processes
- 2.14.5. Re-tendering of the 20% of external routes (complete)
- 2.14.6. A focus on sickness absence from the outcomes of the LEAN project

2.15. All of the workstreams in Current Cost Control are attached to costs that can be reduced relatively quickly. For instance the Fraikin SRD work is already providing benefits, such as faster response times and spare vehicles provided free of charge. A new deal on spot-hire vehicles will be complete in March 2013. The re-tendering work is already complete and making positive budget impacts.

The SNT3 Programme: Future Cost Control

2.16. The Future Cost Control workstream is centred around a three year programme of market engagement and increasing the number of routes delivered by local suppliers including third sector and community organisations and small local business. This element of the programme is known as:

2.16.1. Strategic Market Engagement

2.17. A survey of 11 London Boroughs completed in January 2013, showed that 6 of the authorities had all transport provided externally (Lambeth, Haringey, Ealing, Croydon, Waltham Forest, Kingston), Brent are 90% external, Hounslow & Enfield ~60% external, Enfield split internal/external, Harrow & Lewisham are provided inhouse except for the 20% taxi and smaller vehicle provision.

2.18. Within the boroughs that have services provided externally, there is a great variation in approach. For instance, two authorities have a single contract for the whole of the provision, one with a strategic partner that is profit driven, another with a Community Transport Group, others largely have two or more providers, particularly those that have been included in recent framework procurement activity where 3-5 providers is the normal range.

2.19. Having a balance of providers, creates opportunities for all types of suppliers to grow at a suitable pace, to take part in the market to the scale that suits them and to use the strengths of their individual organisations when bidding for work.

2.20. Keeping the number of providers higher, increases the stimulation to innovate, keeps costs low to the authorities and allows authority commissioners to both place contracts with the best-placed providers and avoid suppliers who cannot meet our quality criteria. Whilst maintaining the supply of core transport services, there will inevitably be an impact on delivery standards through reducing costs. These will be carefully managed and suppliers that fail to provide services to the required standard will have contracts put at risk or cancelled.

2.21. To further ensure there is a ready-supply of local, small and social providers with the capacity and capability to provide services to the required standard, the framework will be refreshed in 2014.

2.22. Refreshing the framework will re-open the supply of services to the full market, this gives the Council the ability to work with small business and social enterprises to further develop the market, to stimulate innovation and to improve the overall standard of delivery.

2.23. This activity is planned to commence in May 2013. This time-scale gives a long lead-in period which will favour those social and private organisations seeking to grow slowly, to make sure they are prepared for taking on new services and to ensure that our approach is broad in attracting a range organisations.

2.24. Two rounds of soft market testing have been completed to model potential savings from market engagement. The first with providers that are registered on the West London Alliance framework, which has provided real pricing for potential work, the second comparing Barnet procured routes (without escorts) with the Harrow current routes (taking account of escorts). These have shown a typical price reduction of around 30% from current costs to external costs.

2.25. The programme is phased over three years to provide time for staff to decide on their best option and give time for the whole market to develop. This ensures that small companies and third sector expansions are well-planned and sustainable.

2.26. Phasing provides additional opportunities for refreshing the suppliers within the framework and to work with suppliers to maintain and improve service delivery standards. Phasing gives staff a greater choice and freedom to take the option that works best for them. A three year roll-out gives time for the management team to design and refine their contract management practices, increasing the scale of this job role gradually as their experience builds. Finally, the three year time-frame gives time to down-scale the fleet without flooding the market and choosing the timing and management of vehicle disposals.

2.27. The results of the soft market testing do not include the potential effect of staff transferring on current terms and conditions to external organisations under TUPE rights. The number of staff that choose to transfer is unknown at this stage. Staff transferring under TUPE will increase the prices provided by external organisations and reduce the level of savings delivered.

2.28. It is the intention of this Programme to offer a greater number of routes to local, social and private external suppliers. Over a period of three years the service will shift from being 20% externalised to towards 100%, allowing more freedom for Harrow Council and shifting to a commissioning model.

2.29. This will require cancelling leases with the vehicle provider (Fraikin), for the staff affected TUPE transfers to new providers or redeployment and severance if applicable and designing a new client management team.

2.30. These are all factored into the SNT3 Programme workstreams and into the costings that form the business case.

2.31. Cost-saving forecasts for this work stream, include a provision for potential severance costs and the cost of buying-out of the current Fraikin leases which would be necessary to move to a commissioned service model.

The SNT3 Programme: Costs & Benefits

2.32. The benefits and costs of the full programme are shown in the table below. The aim of the SNT3 programme, is to meet the £540k MTFS savings target for 2014/15 and take account of the requirements of other budget pressures from previous programmes and changes in grant levels.

| | 2013/14 (Net Saving) / Net Cost £ | 2014/15 (Net Saving) /Net Cost £ | 2015/16 (Net Saving) /Net Cost £ | 2016/17 (Net Saving) /Net Cost £ | 2017/18 (Net Saving) /Net Cost £ | Total (Net Saving) /Net Cost £ |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) Savings | (56,000) | (641,000) | (641,000) | (641,000) | (641,000) | (2,620,000) |
| Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) Costs* | 495,852 | 207,870 | 81,388 | | | 785,110 |
| Further anticipated budget pressures that need to be managed through SNT 3 | (26,500) | (53,000) | (141,000) | (229,000) | (229,000) | (678,500) |
| Net MTFS Position | 413,352 | (486,130) | (700,612) | (870,000) | (870,000) | (2,513,390) |
| | - | | | | | |
| SNT 3 Forecast (Savings) | (307,485) | (773,822) | (987,863) | (1,062,328) | (1,062,328) | (4,193,825) |
| Project Costs | 52,000 | | | | | 52,000 |
| Potential redundancies/severance | 443,852 | 207,870 | 81,388 | 0 | 0 | 733,110 |
| Vehicle lease termination costs | 211,409 | 165,023 | 89,317 | | | 465,749 |
| Total Delivery Costs | 707,262 | 372,893 | 170,705 | 0 | 0 | 1,250,859 |
| SNT3 Net (Savings)/Costs | 399,777 | (400,929) | (817,159) | (1,062,328) | (1,062,328) | (2,942,966) |
| (Over)/under delivery of MTFS Savings | (13,575) | 85,201 | (116,547) | (192,328) | (192,328) | (429,576) |

* project costs included in MTFS growth and redundancy/severance costs considered as part of corporate provision for redundancy

2.33. The programme will save \pounds 773k in the target year 2014/15, with costs of \pounds 373k, delivering a net saving of \pounds 400k. By the last year of the programme (2016/17), the full year effect of the three phases of work will deliver savings of \pounds 1.062m.

2.34. During the 5 year period there will be total savings of £4.2m, against total costs of £1.25m, delivering a net saving of £2.9m over 5 years.

2.35. As mentioned above, the final full-year effect is a saving of £1,061m, forecast to be delivered in 2016/17. The MTFS position requires a saving of £641k, SNT 3 therefore is forecast to over-deliver by £421k, this will manage the additional requirements of anticipated budget pressures of £229k in that year, leaving a net budget position of £192k surplus.

2.36. The phasing and over-delivery allows a level of flex to manage any potential risks of quality in delivery and price sustainability.

3. Legal Implications

3.1. Under the Education Act 1996 local authorities have statutory duties to provide transport to 'eligible' children and young adults to educational establishments in specified circumstances. There is an element of discretion contained within these duties.

3.2. Any change to Harrow's eligibility policy, which sets out how it will exercise its discretion, could result in legal challenge if it means that a child or young adult is no longer eligible for particular travel arrangements.

3.3. There is also the possibility of employment tribunal claims if any staff are made redundant as a result of outsourcing.

3.4. Eligibility in terms of Harrow's provision is currently set-out in a policy dated September 2005. Within the current policy, there is a summary of the policy in paragraph (1.2), this quoted below for information:

3.4.1. 'Some children/young people with special educational needs, physical disabilities or health related needs will require assistance with travel due to the nature and complexity of their disabilities and/or health and safety risks which might arise with public transport. In this instance, the Council will consider providing travel assistance to such children/young people based on an assessment of individual need and subject to review at least once a year, more frequently in some circumstances'.

3.5. One of the Demand Management elements of the SNT3 Programme is a work stream that aims to refresh the current policy with a new policy drafted by all West London Alliance Boroughs. All WLA boroughs are consulting on the same policy which improves the ability for boroughs to work across boundaries in the future and pools all leading practice together in one approach.

3.6. The new policy highlights the duty for all Councils to promote sustainable transport modes and their commitment 'to promoting greater independence for children

and young people with special educational needs so that their experiences can be similar to those of their peers'.

3.7. Access to transport for those most in need will be safeguarded within the new policy. The aims of policy are to unify access polices across the WLA sub-region and to validate the use and promotion of alternative modes of transport and service offers.

4. Financial Implications

4.1. The budget for Children's Special Needs Transport in 2012/13 totals £3.34m.

4.2. Since 2009/10 the service has already delivered significant savings through improved efficiency and by reducing demand for the service; a further reduction of £101,000 from these programmes is still to be delivered in the 2013/14 MTFS. More significantly the service is tasked with delivering additional savings of £540,000 in 2014/15. Following these reductions (totalling £641k) the service is left with a net council budget in 2014/15 of only £2.7m, a 32% reduction since 2009/10. Given the scale of the savings already delivered these further budget reductions require transformational change to the service's operating model.

4.3. The work streams included in SNT3, when fully implemented look to deliver savings totalling £1,062k. In addition to meeting the MTFS budget reductions of £641k it will also meet the anticipated cessation of the Dept of Transport's Bus Services Operating Grant and provides for the loss of internal income for the courier service and from school buyback, totalling £229k.

4.4. The majority of the savings, £877k, are delivered by transferring the service to external providers. This projection is based on extensive soft market testing and benchmarking with neighbouring boroughs through the WLA, which should mitigate the risk that the market will not deliver this scale of savings.

4.5. Naturally such a significant transformational change incurs sizeable one off delivery costs. In addition to project costs of £52k, there are potential redundancy/severance costs if staff are unable or choose not to transfer to a new provider under TUPE rights. Consequently the business case has factored the worst case position on redundancy/severance costs totalling £733k over the 3 years 2013/14 to 2015/16. It is prudent to plan for this position as if staff TUPE over to a new supplier, whilst the redundancy/severance cost will be lower, it is likely to be netted off by a higher contract price. The redundancy/severance costs would be a call on the corporate provision for redundancy.

4.6. The proposals require the termination of the vehicle lease agreements, which will incur termination costs. The extent of the termination payments will depend on resale values however the business case includes a prudent estimate of £466k over the 3 years 2013/14 to 2015/16

4.7. Based on these forecasts there is a slight under delivery of saving in 2014/15 of £85k, this is more than off-set by projected on-going over delivery of £192k.

5. Performance Issues

5.1. Each of the new services introduced in the SNT3 Programme will have either Service Level Agreements in-place or contracts that set-out the required standards.

5.2. Performance of each of the services will be measured and managed against the standards set-out in the agreements and contracts.

5.3. There is a specific work-stream within the programme to identify the contract management needs of an increasingly commissioned service and to ensure that the right resources with sufficient skills are targeted towards the effective management of all new arrangements

5.4. Lessons learned in the Highway tender have been adopted within this programme to ensure there are effective mechanisms in-place for Councillor involvement in the procurement process and in the ongoing management of contractors.

5.5. Any customer complaints will be managed in the same way as they are currently managed. Contractors will be asked to show how customer feedback is being captured

5.6. Ensuring providers perform adequately and deliver services in accordance to contract specification is the principal reason for the LEAN review. The requirements of an increasingly commissioned service will be factored into the review to make sure the client team is appropriately staffed and trained, well ahead of the time when the team will be needed

5.7. The changes proposed under the programme do not have any impact on national indicators.

6. Environmental Impact

6.1. Harrow Council is fulfilling its duty to promote sustainable modes of transport in offering a broader package of services including Independent Travel Training.

6.2. If the Independent Travel Training service is successful, there will be a decreased demand for Harrow arranged and dedicated transport, with a corresponding increase in children and young adults using public transport. This will reduce local transport emissions and have the knock-on effect of those trained having a greater confidence and desire to use public transport outside of 'home to school' transport.

6.3. The greater use of personal budgets for transport may cause some displacement into private cars.

6.4. Any new providers that are applying to work for Harrow through the three phases of strategic market engagement, will be required to demonstrate how they comply with and support the Council's Sustainable Procurement Policy and where minibuses are used will have to report to the Council on their fuel usage.

6.5. Their responses to sustainability requirements will form part of the decisionmaking around supplier selection and supplier management. They will, therefore, have to demonstrate a real and measurable commitment to minimising environmental impacts and generating local "social value" in order to join the procurement framework.

6.6. Local Social Enterprises, small and medium sized private providers are the target market for procurement activity. Local small scale providers will have time and support to develop with the free and fair opportunity to compete for places on the procurement framework.

7. Risk Management Implications

7.1. Risk included on Directorate risk register? Yes

7.2. Separate risk register in place? Yes

7.3. There is an up to date full risk register is kept by the Programme Manager. Strategic Risks are managed by the relevant boards, less significant risks managed by the Programme Manager.

7.4. The outputs of a risk workshop is the basis for the risk register and further risk workshops are completed quarterly to update and refresh the view of risk.

7.5. The Programme as a whole is 'managed by exception' and reports on this basis to three boards, the SNT3 Programme Board, the Children & Families Programme Board and the Corporate Transformation 2 Board through VERTO.

7.6. Issues and changes in risks are highlighted to the appropriate boards with requests for decisions or actions.

8. Equalities implications

8.1. Was an Equality Impact Assessment carried out? Yes, scoping completed & full assessment (enclosed). Robust equality requirements will be included within the specification, appropriate questions asked in the 'Invitation To Tender' (ITT) and these will be part of the supplier selection decision-making process.

8.2. All EQIA proposals within the Children & Families Directorate are managed by a quality review board. The scoping EQIA was completed at the outset of the programme and led to the completion of a full EQIA. The full EQIA was completed which led to the offer of voluntary redundancy/severance for staff and the consultation methodology for the new policy.

9. Corporate Priorities

- 9.1. Please identify which corporate priority the report incorporates and how:
 - 9.1.1. Keeping neighbourhoods clean, green & safe.

There will be a net decrease in the amount of council provided transport and an increase in the use of already operating sustainable modes of transport.

9.1.2. <u>United and involved communities: A Council that listens and leads.</u> There are currently transport users that receive transport that would prefer to be travel-trained and use transport more independently. In providing a transport service, the Council is responding to a current demand for travel training.

In mainstreaming Direct Transport Payments, there will be a greater choice for customers in how they travel and the potential for arranging their own transport.

- 9.1.3. <u>Supporting and protecting people who are most in need</u> The SNT3 Programme offers a continuous access to transport for dependent children and young adults. This will be achieved whilst delivering savings. Having a mix of future providers will stimulate customer quality focus, innovation and provider costconsciousness.
- 9.1.4. <u>Supporting our town centre, our local shopping centres and businesses.</u>

The service will offer social enterprises and local small scale businesses based in Harrow the opportunity to become first tier suppliers to the Council through the procurement framework, and to become second tier suppliers by requiring all providers to make their supply and sub-contracting opportunities available to local businesses.

Section 3 - Statutory Officer Clearance

| Name: Emma Stabler | X | on behalf of the Chief Financial Officer |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Date: 13 March 2013 | | |
| Name: Sharon Clarke | x | on behalf of the Monitoring Officer |
| Date: 13 March 2013 | | |

Section 4 – Performance Officer Clearance

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| x | on behalf of the Divisional Director Strategic Commissioning |
|---|--|
| | x |

Section 5 – Environmental Impact Officer Clearance

Name: Andrew Baker

X

on behalf of the Divisional Director (Environmental Services)

Date: 11 March 2013

Section 6 - Contact Details and Background Papers

Contact: Ben Sellar-Moore, Programme Manager Tel: 020 8424 8218 (Int Ext: 8218)

Background Papers:

Special Needs Transport 3 – Full Business Case

Call-In Waived by the Chairman of Overview and Scrutiny Committee NOT APPLICABLE

[Call-in applies]